变形规律：

形容词加ly变副词  
名词加al, ful, ive, less, able, ish变形容词  
形容词加ness, ism变名词  
形容词加en, ize变动词  
动词加able, ible, ing, ed变形容词  
动词加ance, ence, tion, ment变名词  
动词加er, or, ist, ian变指人名词  
否定前缀dis, un, in, im, il, non, mis  
不知道具体单词意思，不明白具体单词词性，这些规律没有任何作用。开始阶段，打好基础，遇到一个，记一个。积累很多词后，再利用规律来强化复习。

**20190705 Unit 2A 单词变形和完形补文**

Unit 2A 单词变形(与第二单元课文A结合)

1. hear v. 听到，听见。过去式\_\_\_\_, 过去分词\_\_\_\_。n. 听力，听觉\_\_\_\_.

2. know v. 知道。n.（知识）\_\_\_\_, adj.（未知的，不出名的）\_\_\_\_

3. use v. n. 使用。adj.（有用的）\_\_\_\_, adj.（无用的）\_\_\_\_, n. (用户) \_\_\_\_

4. different adj. 不同的。n. (差异，区别) \_\_\_\_

5. hope v. n. 希望。adj.（有希望的）\_\_\_\_, adj.（绝望的，无望的）\_\_\_\_

6. fame n. 名声，名望。adj.（著名的）\_\_\_\_

7. science n 科学。adj. (科学的) \_\_\_\_, n. (科学家)\_\_\_\_

8. important adj. 重要的。n. (重要性)\_\_\_\_

9. report v. n. 报告，报道。n.（记者）\_\_\_\_

10. create v. 创造。adj. (有创造力的，创新性的) \_\_\_\_, n. (创造者)\_\_\_\_, n. (创造力)\_\_\_\_

11. lose v. 丢失。adj. (丢失的，迷路的) \_\_\_\_, n.（丧失，失去）\_\_\_\_

12. punish v. 惩罚。n.（惩罚）\_\_\_\_

13. wonder n. 惊奇; v. 想知道。adj.（奇妙的，极好的）\_\_\_\_

14. rare adj. 稀有的，罕见的；不常发生的。adv. (很少地，罕有地) \_\_\_\_

15. eventual adj. 最终的，最后的。adv. (终于，最终) \_\_\_\_

16. fail v. 失败。n. (失败) \_\_\_\_. adj. (已失败的) \_\_\_\_.

17. effect n. 效果，影响。adj. (有效的) \_\_\_\_, adv. (有效地) \_\_\_\_

18. discover v. 发现。n.（发现）\_\_\_\_

19. usual adj. 通常的。adj.（不寻常的）\_\_\_\_, adv.（通常，经常）\_\_\_\_

20. value n. 价值；v. 重视。adj.（有价值的，宝贵的）\_\_\_\_

不规则动词的过去式和过去分词

1. spill 溢出，洒出 \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_

2. make \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_

3. set 放置，设置 \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_

4. come 来 \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_

5. occur 发生 \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_

6. fall 落下 \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_

7. see 看见 \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_

8. do \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_

9. get \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_

10. go \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_

11. know 知道 \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_

12. mistake 弄错，误解 \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_

13. lose 丢失 \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_

Unit 2A 单词变形和完形补文

Unit 2A 完形补文(与第二单元课文A结合)

▼▼▼▼▼▼

1. Have you \_\_\_\_ (hear) of the story about spilt milk?

2. There is no use \_\_\_\_ (cry) over spilt milk.

3. I \_\_\_\_ (recent) heard a story about a \_\_\_\_ (fame) scientist.

4. He was interviewed by a newspaper \_\_\_\_ (report).

5. He was much more \_\_\_\_ (create) than the average person.

6. He had \_\_\_\_ (is) trying to remove a bottle of milk.

7. Instead of \_\_\_\_ (give) him a lecture, his mother said, “....”.

8. I have rarely \_\_\_\_ (see) such a huge puddle of milk.

9. \_\_\_\_ (eventual) you have to clean it up.

10. Let’s discover a way to carry it without \_\_\_\_ (drop) it.

11. Mistakes are just \_\_\_\_ (opportunity) for success.

12. We usually learn something \_\_\_\_ (value) from the failed experiments.

不规则动词的过去式和过去分词

1. hear 听见 \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_

2. hold 握住 \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_

3. lead 领导 \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_

4. leave 离开 \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_

5. wear 穿戴 \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_

6. draw 画 \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_

7. grow 成长 \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_

Unit 2A单词变形▼▼▼▼▼▼

1. hear v. 听到，听见。过去式\_\_\_\_, 过去分词\_\_\_\_。n. 听力，听觉\_\_\_\_. heard, heard, hearing

2. know v. 知道。n.（知识）\_\_\_\_, adj.（未知的，不出名的）\_\_\_\_ knowledge, unknown

3. use v. n. 使用。adj.（有用的）\_\_\_\_, adj.（无用的）\_\_\_\_, n. (用户) \_\_\_\_ useful, useless, user

4. different adj. 不同的。n. (差异，区别) \_\_\_\_ difference

5. hope v. n. 希望。adj.（有希望的）\_\_\_\_, adj.（绝望的，无望的）\_\_\_\_ hopeful, hopeless

6. fame n. 名声，名望。adj.（著名的）\_\_\_\_ famous (注意famed这种不常用的变形不要去记)

7. science n 科学。adj. (科学的) \_\_\_\_, n. (科学家)\_\_\_\_ scientific, scientist

8. important adj. 重要的。n. (重要性)\_\_\_\_ importance

9. report v. n. 报告，报道。n.（记者）\_\_\_\_ reporter

10. create v. 创造。adj. (有创造力的，创新性的) \_\_\_\_, n. (创造者)\_\_\_\_, n. (创造力)\_\_\_\_ creative, creator, creativity

11. lose v. 丢失。adj. (丢失的，迷路的) \_\_\_\_, n.（丧失，失去）\_\_\_\_ lost, loss

12. punish v. 惩罚。n.（惩罚）\_\_\_\_ punishment

13. wonder n. 惊奇; v. 想知道。adj.（奇妙的，极好的）\_\_\_\_ wonderful

14. rare adj. 稀有的，罕见的；不常发生的。adv. (很少地，罕有地) \_\_\_\_ rarely

15. eventual adj. 最终的，最后的。adv. (终于，最终) \_\_\_\_ eventually

16. fail v. 失败。n. (失败) \_\_\_\_. adj. (已失败的) \_\_\_\_. failure, failed

17. effect n. 效果，影响。adj. (有效的) \_\_\_\_, adv. (有效地) \_\_\_\_ effective, effectively

18. discover v. 发现。n.（发现）\_\_\_\_ discovery

19. usual adj. 通常的。adj.（不寻常的）\_\_\_\_, adv.（通常，经常）\_\_\_\_ unusual, usually

20. value n. 价值；v. 重视。adj.（有价值的，宝贵的）\_\_\_\_ valuable

不规则动词的过去式和过去分词

1. spill 溢出，洒出 \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ spilt spilt

2. make \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ made made

3. set 放置，设置 \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ set set

4. come 来 \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ came come

5. occur 发生 \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ occurred occurred

6. fall 落下 \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ fell fallen

7. see 看见 \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ saw seen

8. do \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ did done

9. get \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ got got

10. go \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ went gone

11. know 知道 \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ knew known

12. mistake 弄错，误解 \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ mistook mistaken

13. lose 丢失 \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ lost lost

Unit 2A 完形补文(与第二单元课文A结合)▼▼▼▼▼▼

1. **Have** you \_\_\_\_ (hear) of the story about spilt milk?

解析：heard. 完成时have+过去分词。你听说过有关泼洒牛奶的故事吗?

2. There is no use \_\_\_\_ (cry) over spilt milk.

解析：crying. 词组there is no use doing sth. 做...没有用。牛奶洒了，哭也没用。

3. I \_\_\_\_ (recent) heard a story about a \_\_\_\_ (fame) scientist.

解析：recently, famous. 修饰动词heard需用副词。修饰名词scientist用形容词famous. 最近我听到一个关于一位著名科学家的故事。

4. He was interviewed by a newspaper \_\_\_\_ (report).

解析：reporter. 他被一个报纸记者采访。

5. He was much more \_\_\_\_ (create) than the average person.

解析：creative. 比较级中一般用形容词或副词。他比一般人更有创造力。

6. He had \_\_\_\_ (is) trying to remove a bottle of milk.

解析：been.完成时had+过去分词. is-was-been 他一直在试图取出一瓶牛奶。

7. Instead of \_\_\_\_ (give) him a lecture, his mother said, “....”.

解析：giving. 介词of后须接名词或具体名词性质的词（如代词和动名词doing）. 他的母亲没有教训他，而是说……

8. I have rarely \_\_\_\_ (see) such a huge puddle of milk.

解析：seen. 完成时have+过去分词。我很少看到这么大一滩牛奶。

9. \_\_\_\_ (eventual) you have to clean it up.

解析：Eventually. 修饰整句话需用副词。最终你必须清理干净

10. Let’s discover a way to carry it without \_\_\_\_ (drop) it.

解析：dropping. 介词with/ without后面需用名词或具有名词性质的词（代词和动名词doing）让我们找到一种方法来携带它，而不让它掉下来。

11. Mistakes are just \_\_\_\_ (opportunity) for success.

解析：opportunities. 名词的复数形式。错误只是成功的机会。

12. We usually learn something \_\_\_\_ (value) from the failed experiments.

解析：valuable. 修饰something的形容词一般放在其后面。我们通常从失败的实验中学到一些有价值的东西。

不规则动词的过去式和过去分词

1. hear 听见 \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ heard heard

2. hold 握住 \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ held held

3. lead 领导 \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ led led

4. leave 离开 \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ left left

5. wear 穿戴 \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ wore worn

6. draw 画 \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ drew drawn

7. grow 成长 \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ grew grown